

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Oxalyl chloride

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

1.1. Product identifier

chloride
689
3
0-2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Molekula Ltd.
	Lingfield Way,
	Darlington,
	DL1 4XX,
	United Kingdom
	+44 (0) 3302000333
	info@molekula.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 7769276927

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720) Physical hazards Water-react. 1 - H260 Health hazards Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Environmental hazards Not Classified 2.2. Label elements 201-200-2 Hazard pictograms Value Supervision Volume Value Supervision

Danger

Signal word

Hazard statements	H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. H301+H311+H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	 P223 Do not allow contact with water. P231+P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture. P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P302+P335+P334 IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages. P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH014 Reacts violently with water. EUH029 Contact with water liberates toxic gas. EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.1. Substances		
Product name	Oxalyl chloride	
CAS number	79-37-8	
EC number	201-200-2	
SECTION 4: First aid measures		

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation.
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. Keep affected person under observation.
Notes for the doctor SECTION 5: Firefighting measure	
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SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measure 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising fr	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable. <i>om the substance or mixture</i> Reacts with water. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run- off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	
SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
6.2. Environmental precautions	5	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	15	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is toxic. Do not allow contact with water. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Avoid contact with	

 Storage precautions
 Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Avoid contact with water. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Handle and store under inert gas

Storage class

Water-reactive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

protection

Protective eq	uipment			
			EP	E

ingredients. Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a fullface respirator may be required instead. Hand protection Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the

glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or

Other skin and body Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-Respiratory protection marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and guarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.

Environmental exposure Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process controls equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Liquid.	
Colour	Colourless to pale yellow.	
Odour	Pungent.	
Odour threshold	No information available.	
рН	No information available.	
Melting point	-12°C/10.4°F	

Initial boiling point and range	No information available.		
Flash point	11°C/51.8°F		
Evaporation rate	No information available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.		
Vapour pressure	20 kPa @ 20°C/68°F		
Vapour density	4.4		
Relative density	1.478		
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Chloroform.		
Partition coefficient	No information available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.		
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.		
9.2. Other information			
Molecular weight	126.93		
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity		
10.1. Reactivity			
Reactivity	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Reacts violently with water. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.		
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. Sensitive to Moisture Contact with water liberates toxic gas.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts strongly with water.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat. Moisture.		
10.5. Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxidising agents. Alkalis.		
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	Alcohols.		

Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:
	Corrosive gases or vapours. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO).
	Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Summary	Toxic if swallowed.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	100.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Summary	Toxic in contact with skin.	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	300.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ vapours mg/l)	9.8	
Species	Rat	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	9.8	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Summary	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Summary	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure		
Summary	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

General information

Oxalyl chloride

Aspiration hazard Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
SECTION 12: Ecological info	mation
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
<u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Acute aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Chronic aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
12.2. Persistence and degrad	lability
Persistence and degradability	Reacts with water.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potent	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	derations
13.1. Waste treatment metho	<u>ds</u>

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

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IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

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Oxalyl chloride

Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3129
UN No. (IMDG)	3129
UN No. (ICAO)	3129
UN No. (ADN)	3129
14.2. UN proper shipping nam	<u>e</u>
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Oxalyl chloride)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Oxalyl chloride)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Oxalyl chloride)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Oxalyl chloride)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	es)
ADR/RID class	4.3
ADR/RID subsidiary risk	8
ADR/RID classification code	WC1
ADR/RID label	4.3
IMDG class	4.3
IMDG subsidiary risk	8
ICAO class/division	4.3
ICAO subsidiary risk	8
ADN class	4.3
ADN subsidiary risk	8
Transport labels	
<u>14.4. Packing group</u> ADR/RID packing group	Ι

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Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user	
EmS	F-G, S-N
ADR transport category	0
Emergency Action Code	4W
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	X382
Tunnel restriction code	(B/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION	15: Reg	gulatory	information	
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15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
	The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
	Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Water-react. = Substance or mixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Acute Tox. 3 - H311: Acute Tox. 3 - H301: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: : Expert judgement. Water-react. 1 - H260: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date	06/07/2022
Revision	3
Supersedes date	06/07/2022
SDS number	534
Hazard statements in full	 H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H331 Toxic if inhaled.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.