

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Sodium amide

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	Sodium amide	
Product number	90027494	
CAS number	7782-92-5	
EC number	231-971-0	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	For research purposes only.	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	Molekula Ltd.	

Supplier	Molekula Ltd.
	Lingfield Way,
	Darlington,
	DL1 4XX,
	United Kingdom
	+44 (0) 3302000333
	info@molekula.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 7769276927

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

ssification (SI 2019 No. 720)
-------------------------------

Physical hazards	Water-react. 1 - H260	
Health hazards	Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	
2.2. Label elements		
EC number	231-971-0	
Hazard pictograms	¥2	



Danger

Hazard statements	H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P223 Do not allow contact with water.</li> <li>P231+P232 Handle and store contents under inert gas. Protect from moisture.</li> <li>P260 Do not breathe dust.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P302+P335+P334 IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water or wrap in wet bandages.</li> <li>P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.</li> <li>P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> <li>P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH019 May form explosive peroxides. EUH029 Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

# 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	
3.1. Substances	
Product name	Sodium amide
CAS number	7782-92-5
EC number	231-971-0
Chemical formula	NaNH2

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures		
General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.	
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Rinse nose and mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Get medical attention.	

Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Notes for the doctor SECTION 5: Firefighting measurements	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising free	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising from Specific hazards Hazardous combustion	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water, if avoidable. <b>Om the substance or mixture</b> May form explosive peroxides. Reacts with water. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of the following substances:

Special protective equipment<br/>for firefightersRegular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure<br/>self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's<br/>clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be
	taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into
	spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is
	inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sectionsFor personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health<br/>hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,<br/>see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. May form explosive peroxides. Do not allow contact with water. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Avoid contact with water. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. May form explosive peroxides.	
	Dangerous when wet Reacts violently with water. Air sensitive. Store under inert gas.	
Storage class	Water-reactive storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection		

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or controls ingredients. Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a fullface respirator may be required instead. Hand protection Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. Other skin and body Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact. protection Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Environmental exposure Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process

equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to

the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

controls

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid.
Odour	Not known.
Odour threshold	No information available.
рН	No information available.
Melting point	210°C/410°F
Initial boiling point and range	400°C/752°F
Flash point	No information available.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.

Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	1.39
Solubility(ies)	Reacts violently with water.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	330°C/626°F
9.2. Other information	
Molecular weight	39.01
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	Reacts violently with water.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts strongly with water.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
<i>10.4. Conditions to avoid</i> Conditions to avoid	Exposure to moist air or water.
	Exposure to moist air or water.
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to moist air or water. Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen.
Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen.
Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen.
Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition</u> Hazardous decomposition	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen. <b>In products</b> Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of: Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen.
Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition</u> Hazardous decomposition products	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen. on products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of: Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen.
Conditions to avoid <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition</u> Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen. on products Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of: Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen.
Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int 11.1. Information on toxicologi Acute toxicity - oral	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen. Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of: Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen. formation
Conditions to avoid 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid 10.6. Hazardous decomposition Hazardous decomposition products SECTION 11: Toxicological int 11.1. Information on toxicologi Acute toxicity - oral Summary	Water. Strong oxidising agents. Oxygen. Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours. Sodium oxides Oxides of: Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen. formation

Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard Summary	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	mation
12.1. Toxicity	

12.1. Toxicity		
Acute aquatic toxicity		
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
LE(C) <sub>50</sub>	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1	
M factor (Acute)	1	

<u>Chronic aquatic toxicity</u> Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
-	
<u>12.2. Persistence and degrada</u> Persistence and degradability	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient	No information available.
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	
Mobility	No data available.
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE</u> 12.6. Other adverse effects	3 assessment
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	
13.1. Waste treatment method	-
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1390
UN No. (IMDG)	1390
UN No. (ICAO)	1390
UN No. (ADN)	1390
14.2. UN proper shipping nam	e
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	– ALKALI METAL AMIDES (Sodium amide)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ALKALI METAL AMIDES (Sodium amide)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ALKALI METAL AMIDES (Sodium amide)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ALKALI METAL AMIDES (Sodium amide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	es)
ADR/RID class	4.3
ADR/RID classification code	W2

ADR/RID label	4.3
IMDG class	4.3
ICAO class/division	4.3
ADN class	4.3

## Transport labels



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	II
IMDG packing group	II
ICAO packing group	Ш
ADN packing group	Ш

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user	
EmS	F-G, S-O
ADR transport category	0
Emergency Action Code	4W
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	423
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).<br/>The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment<br/>Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].<br/>EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## Inventories

**EU - EINECS/ELINCS** 

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</li> <li>ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.</li> <li>RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</li> <li>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</li> <li>ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.</li> <li>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</li> <li>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</li> <li>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</li> <li>LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</li> <li>LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</li> <li>EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</li> <li>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</li> <li>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</li> </ul>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Water-react. = Substance or mixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: : Expert judgement. Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: : Expert judgement. Water-react. 1 - H260: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	17/05/2022
Revision	1
SDS number	943
Hazard statements in full	H260 In contact with water releases flammable gases which may ignite spontaneously. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.