

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

#### **Nicotine**

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Nicotine

Chemical name 3-[(2S)-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl]pyridine

**CAS number** 54-11-5

**EU index number** 614-001-00-4

**EC number** 200-193-3

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Research and development.

Uses advised against For research and development purposes. Not suitable for human consumption or veterinary

purposes.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Molekula Ltd.

Lingfield Way,
Darlington,
DL1 4XX,
United Kingdom
+44 (0) 3302000333
info@molekula.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 7769276927

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Acute Tox. 2 - H300 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1

- H318

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

**EC number** 200-193-3

Hazard pictograms







#### **Nicotine**

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H300+H310+H330 Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

# 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Product name Nicotine

Chemical name 3-[(2S)-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl]pyridine

**EU index number** 614-001-00-4

 CAS number
 54-11-5

 EC number
 200-193-3

 Chemical formula
 C10H14N2

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery

position and ensure breathing can take place.

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Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small

> glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep

affected person under observation.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contamination

with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing.

Unconsciousness, possibly death.

Ingestion A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Unconsciousness, possibly death.

May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury. Small amounts may

cause serious damage.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Unconsciousness, possibly

Eye contact May be slightly irritating to eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. Keep affected person under observation.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-

extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

This product is toxic.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

#### **Nicotine**

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

## Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is toxic. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Air and light sensitive. Store under inert gas.

Storage class

Toxic storage.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### **Nicotine**

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 0.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1.5 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Ingredient comments Nicotine (54-11-5)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment









Appropriate engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection

For exposure up to 8 hours, wear gloves made of the following material: Butyl rubber. Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of 0.3 mm.

To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as

soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Oily liquid.

**Colour** Colourless to pale yellow. Brown.

#### **Nicotine**

Odour Fishy.

Odour threshold No information available.

pH pH (diluted solution): 10.2 0.05M aq.

Melting point -80°C/-112°F

Initial boiling point and range 247°C/476.6°F @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point 101°C/213.8°F

**Evaporation rate** No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Upper: 4.0% vol. Lower: 0.7% vol.

Vapour pressure 0.53 mbar @ 25°C/77°F

Vapour density 5.61

Relative density 1.015

Solubility(ies) Miscible with water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 240°C/464°F

**Decomposition Temperature** 200°C/392°F

9.2. Other information

Molecular weight 162.23

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Incompatible Materials

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong

alkalis.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Carbon

monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrous gases (NOx).

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Nicotine**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

**Summary** Fatal if swallowed.

Acute toxicity - dermal

**Summary** Fatal in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Summary** Fatal if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 0.05

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity**None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing.

Unconsciousness, possibly death.

**Ingestion** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Unconsciousness, possibly death.

May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause severe internal injury. Small amounts may

cause serious damage.

Skin contact A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Pain. Unconsciousness, possibly

death.

**Eye contact** May be slightly irritating to eyes.

#### **Nicotine**

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity

**Summary** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

**Summary** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods**Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is

not feasible.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1654

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1654

**UN No. (ICAO)** 1654

**UN No. (ADN)** 1654

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

NICOTINE

(ADR/RID)

#### **Nicotine**

Proper shipping name (IMDG) NICOTINE

Proper shipping name (ICAO) NICOTINE

Proper shipping name (ADN) NICOTINE

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 6.1

ADR/RID classification code T1

ADR/RID label 6.1

IMDG class 6.1

ICAO class/division 6.1

ADN class 6.1

# Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-A, S-A

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 60

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **Nicotine**

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **US-TSCA**

Present.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

and acronyms

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Classification procedures

Acute Tox. 1 - H310: Acute Tox. 1 - H330: Acute Tox. 1 - H300: : Expert judgement. Aquatic

according to SI 2019 No. 720 Chronic 2 - H411: : Expert judgement.

**Training advice** Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 17/11/2022

Revision 3

Supersedes date 05/07/2021

SDS number 73

**Hazard statements in full** H300 Fatal if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.