

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### tert-butyl methyl ether

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	tert-butyl methyl ether	
Synonyms; trade names	tert-butyl methyl ether, MTBE, 2-methoxy-2-methylpropane	
CAS number	1634-04-4	
EU index number	603-181-00-X	
EC number	216-653-1	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Research and development.	
Uses advised against	Not suitable for human consumption or veterinary purposes.	

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

# Supplier

Molekula Ltd. Lingfield Way, Darlington, DL1 4XX, United Kingdom +44 (0) 3302000333 info@molekula.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 7769276927

SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		
Classification (SI 2019 No.	Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)	
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements		
EC number	216-653-1	
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	

Hazard statements	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.</li> <li>P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.</li> <li>P242 Use non-sparking tools.</li> <li>P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>

### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.1. Substances		
Product name	tert-butyl methyl ether	
EU index number	603-181-00-X	
CAS number	1634-04-4	
EC number	216-653-1	
Chemical formula	(CH3)3COCH3	

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.	
Skin contact	Rinse with water.	
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.	
Ingestion	May cause irritation.	
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate	4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5. Eirofighting macou	1999	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measu	165	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
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5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising fro	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. <u><i>m</i> the substance or mixture</u> Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or	
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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.		
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.		
7.2. Conditions for safe store	7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.		
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.		
7.3. Specific end use(s)			
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.		

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 183.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 367 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 183.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 367 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

STEL: TWA:

### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Protective equipment** 





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full- face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Characteristic.

Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	No information available.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	55 - 56°C/131 - 132.8°F
Flash point	-28°C/-18.4°F Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	0.74
Solubility(ies)	46 g/l water @ 20°C
Partition coefficient	No information available.
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
9.2. Other information	
Molecular weight	88.15
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
SECTION 10: Stability and real 10.1. Reactivity	activity
	Activity Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.1. Reactivity	
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<u>10.1. Reactivity</u> Reactivity <u>10.2. Chemical stability</u> Stability <u>10.3. Possibility of hazardous</u> Possibility of hazardous	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. <u>reactions</u> Violent reactions possible with: Oxidising agents. Strong acids.
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10.1. ReactivityReactivity10.2. Chemical stabilityStability10.3. Possibility of hazardousPossibility of hazardousreactions	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. <b>reactions</b> Violent reactions possible with: Oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks
10.1. ReactivityReactivity10.2. Chemical stabilityStabilityStability10.3. Possibility of hazardousPossibility of hazardousreactions10.4. Conditions to avoidConditions to avoid	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. <b>reactions</b> Violent reactions possible with: Oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks
10.1. ReactivityReactivity10.2. Chemical stabilityStability10.3. Possibility of hazardousPossibility of hazardousPossibility of hazardousreactions10.4. Conditions to avoidConditions to avoid10.5. Incompatible materials	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. <b>reactions</b> Violent reactions possible with: Oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong alkalis. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Summary	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Summary	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
Summary	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs	Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicity -	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.
Ingestion	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	Redness. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
	- ,

Target organs	Central nervous system	
SECTION 12: Ecological infor	mation	
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Acute aquatic toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Summary		
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 574 mg/l, Menidia Beryllina (Inland Silverside)	
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 491 mg/l, Mysid (Americamysis bahia)	
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
12.2. Persistence and degrad		
Persistence and degradability	0%, 28 days Not readily biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potenti		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	No data available.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	B assessment	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	derations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	—	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.	
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	2398	

UN No. (IMDG)	2398			
UN No. (ICAO)	2398			
UN No. (ADN)	2398			
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER			
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER			
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER			
Proper shipping name (ADN)	METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
ADR/RID class	3			
ADR/RID classification code	F1			
ADR/RID label	3			
IMDG class	3			
ICAO class/division	3			
ADN class	3			
Transport labels				



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	II
IMDG packing group	П
ICAO packing group	II
ADN packing group	П

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-E, S-D
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	•3YE
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	33
Tunnel restriction code	(D/E)
447 Treeses of in bulls as and	

#### Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

ions Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC <sub>50</sub> : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	STOT SE 3 - H336: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: : Expert judgement. Flam. Liq. 2 - H225: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	23/05/2023
Revision	1
SDS number	2298
Hazard statements in full	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.