

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ethanolamine SG

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/underta	king
---	------

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Ethanolamine SG
Synonyms; trade names	2-aminoethanol; 2-Aminoethyl alcohol; ETA; MEA; MEA 90; MEA-LCI; Monoethanolamine; ethanolamine
CAS number	141-43-5
EU index number	603-030-00-8
EC number	205-483-3
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Research and development.
Uses advised against	Not suitable for human consumption or veterinary purposes.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet
Supplier	Molekula Ltd. Lingfield Way, Darlington, DL1 4XX, United Kingdom +44 (0) 3302000333 info@molekula.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber
+44 (0) 7769276927	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	ation
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture
Classification (SI 2019 No. 720	<u> </u>
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
2.2. Label elements	
EC number	205-483-3
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H332 Harmful if inhaled. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	
3.1. Substances	
Product name	Ethanolamine SG
EU index number	603-030-00-8
CAS number	141-43-5
EC number	205-483-3
Chemical formula	NH2CH2CH2OH

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
4.3. Indication of any immediat	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.
	been in contact with the product, may be conosive.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours. Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.
	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very
products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>s</u>	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	ns	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	lling	
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. The substance is hygroscopic and will absorb water by contact with the moisture in the air.	
Storage class	Corrosive storage.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
7.3. Specific end use(s) Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 2.5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 3 ppm 7.6 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full- face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Amine.
Odour threshold	No information available.
рН	pH (diluted solution): 12.1 at 20°C/77°F at 100 g/l
Melting point	4°C/39°F
Initial boiling point and range	167°C/333°F @ 101325 Pa
Flash point	91°C/196°F

Evaporation rate	No information available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.	
Vapour pressure	0.5 hPa @ 20°C/68°F	
Vapour density	No information available.	
Relative density	1.016 g/cm3 @ 20°C/68°F	
Solubility(ies)	> 1000 g/l water @ 20°C/68°F	
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -2.3 at 25°/77°F	
Auto-ignition temperature	424°C/795°F	
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.	
Viscosity	23.86 mPa s @ 20°C/68°F	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular weight	61.08	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Exposure to moist air or water. Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Iron. Copper. Brass. Rubber (natural, latex).	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Corrosive gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
Acute toxicity - oral	Harmful if swallowed.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Summary	Harmful in contact with skin.	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,100.0	
	,	

Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
Summary	May cause respiratory irritation.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Target organs Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard	repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary	repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information	repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information Inhalation	repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information Inhalation Ingestion	 repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact	 repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact	 repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Specific target organ toxicity - Summary Aspiration hazard Summary General information Inhalation Ingestion Skin contact Eye contact Route of exposure	 repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation of nose and throat. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness. Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact Respiratory system, lungs

Ecotoxicity

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity	
Acute aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 349 mg/l, Cyprinus carpio (Common carp)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 65 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	ErC50, 72 hours: 2.8 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 1 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC10, 30 minutes: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	<u>al</u>
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -2.3 at 25°/77°F
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	2491	
UN No. (IMDG)	2491	
UN No. (ICAO)	2491	
UN No. (ADN)	2491	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ETHANOLAMINE	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ETHANOLAMINE	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ETHANOLAMINE	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ETHANOLAMINE	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	8	
ADR/RID classification code	C7	
ADR/RID label	8	
IMDG class	8	
ICAO class/division	8	
ADN class	8	
The second labor		

Transport labels



III
III
III
III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

IMDG Code segregation	18. Alkalis
group	
EmS	F-A, S-B
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	2X

Hazard Identification Number 80 (ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure EquipmentRegulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.	
-	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.	
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail IATA: International Air Transport Association.	
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.	
	LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.	
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure	
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Acute Tox. 4 - H312: Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: STOT SE 3 - H335: : Expert judgement.	
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.	
Revision date	02/09/2022	
Revision	1	
SDS number	1439	

Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.