

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu
Synonyms; trade names	dicopper oxide, copper (I) oxide
CAS number	1317-39-1
EU index number	029-002-00-X
EC number	215-270-7
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Research and development.
Uses advised against	Not suitable for human consumption or veterinary purposes.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Molekula Ltd. Lingfield Way, Darlington, DL1 4XX, United Kingdom +44 (0) 3302000333 info@molekula.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 7769276927

SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture	
Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410
2.2. Label elements	
EC number	215-270-7
Hazard pictograms	

Signal word

Hazard statements	H332 Harmful if inhaled. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P261 Avoid breathing dust. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P330 Rinse mouth. P391 Collect spillage. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	
3.1. Substances	
Product name	Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu
EU index number	029-002-00-X
CAS number	1317-39-1
EC number	215-270-7
Chemical formula	Cu2O
SECTION 4: First aid measures	

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measurements	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Copper.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

 Personal precautions
 Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills
	immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Collect spillage with a
	shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste
	disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash
	thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into
	drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health
	hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,
	see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe ha	andling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe stol	rage, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Air sensitive. Store under inert gas. Moisture sensitive. Store under inert gas.
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure cont	trols/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full- face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	No specific hand protection recommended. Avoid contact with skin.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Powder.	
Colour	Red-brown.	
Odour	Odourless.	
Odour threshold	No information available.	
рН	No information available.	
Melting point	1230 - 1232°C/2246 - 2250°F	
Initial boiling point and range	1800°C/3272°F	
Flash point	No information available.	
Evaporation rate	No information available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.	
Vapour pressure	No information available.	
Vapour density	No information available.	
Relative density	6 g/mL @ 25°C/77°F	
Solubility(ies)	No information available.	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.	
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular weight	143.09	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity

See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
<u>10.4. Conditions to avoid</u> Conditions to avoid	Water, moisture.
<u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u> Materials to avoid	Oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Copper.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Summary	Harmful if swallowed.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0
<u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u> Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard Summary	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
	No specific target organs known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life.
M factor (Acute)	100
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.17 mg/l, Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead minnow)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.0926 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.055 - 0.076 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EC₅₀, 96 hours: 65 mg/l, Desmodesmus subspicatus
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
M factor (Chronic)	10
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Bioaccumulative potential Partition coefficient	No data available on bioaccumulation. No information available.
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient	No information available. No data available.
Partition coefficient <u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u> Mobility	No information available. No data available.

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment method	s
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
General	For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3077
UN No. (IMDG)	3077
UN No. (ICAO)	3077
UN No. (ADN)	3077
14.2. UN proper shipping name	8
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper (I) oxide, 99.9%Cu)
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	rs <u>)</u>
ADR/RID class	9
ADR/RID classification code	M7
ADR/RID label	9
IMDG class	9
ICAO class/division	9
ADN class	9

Transport labels

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14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	
IMDG packing group	
ICAO packing group	
ADN packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-A, S-F
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	2Z
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	90
Tunnel restriction code	(-)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Eye Dam. 1 - H318: : Expert judgement. Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	26/08/2022
Revision	1
SDS number	1406
Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.