

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lead (II) oxide

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1	Product	identifier
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Product name	Lead (II) oxide
Chemical name	Lead oxide

Product number 47676991

CAS number 1317-36-8

EC number 215-267-0

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses advised against For research and development purposes. Not suitable for human consumption or veterinary purposes.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier

Molekula Ltd. Lingfield Way, Darlington, DL1 4XX, United Kingdom +44 (0) 3302000333 info@molekula.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1380 725952

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Not Classified Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Carc. 2 - H351 Repr. 1A - H360 Lact. - H362 STOT RE 1 - H372 **Environmental hazards** Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 2.2. Label elements EC number 215-267-0 Hazard pictograms

Signal word

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.</li> <li>H351 Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> <li>H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P201 Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P260 Do not breathe dust.</li> <li>P263 Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.</li> <li>P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P302+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P391 Collect spillage.</li> <li>P405 Store locked up.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>

## 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients	
3.1. Substances	
Product name	Lead (II) oxide
Chemical name	Lead oxide
CAS number	1317-36-8
EC number	215-267-0
Chemical formula	PbO
SECTION 4: First aid measures	

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

Skin contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.
	with soap and water of recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important symptom	s and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.
Skin contact	May cause discomfort. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Suspected of causing cancer.
Eye contact	May be slightly irritating to eyes.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting mea	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fi	rom the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping i out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities
Special protective equipment	Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
6.2. Environmental precaution	S
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
6.4. Reference to other section	15
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.
Storage class	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure control	s/Personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
STEL	
TWA	0.05mg/l
8.2. Exposure controls	

#### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid.
Colour	Yellow.
Odour	Odourless.
Odour threshold	No information available.
рН	pH (diluted solution): 8.0 - 9.0 (100g/l, 20°C/68°F)
Melting point	886°C/1626.8°F
Initial boiling point and range	No information available.
Flash point	No information available.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.	
Vapour pressure	No information available.	
Vapour density	No information available.	
Relative density	9.51	
Solubility(ies)	Slightly soluble in water.	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.	
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular weight	223.20	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositi	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Summary	Harmful if swallowed.	
Acute toxicity oral (LD∞ mg/kg)	1,100.1	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,100.1	
Acute toxicity - dermal Summary	Harmful in contact with skin.	

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,000.0
Species	Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,000.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation Summary	Harmful if inhaled.
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ dust/mist mg/l)	1.6
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	1.6
Skin corrosion/irritation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity Summary	Suspected of causing cancer.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity Summary	May cause harm to breast-fed children. May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
Summary	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard Summary	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. May damage fertility. May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	May cause discomfort.

Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	

<u>12.1. Toxicity</u> Acute aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life.
LE(C)50	$0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$
M factor (Acute)	10
Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 0.1 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 0.13 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
M factor (Chronic)	1
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	No information available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	2291
UN No. (IMDG)	2291
UN No. (ICAO)	2291
UN No. (ADN)	2291

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.
Proper shipping name (ADN)	LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	6.1
ADR/RID classification code	T5
ADR/RID label	6.1
IMDG class	6.1
ICAO class/division	6.1
ADN class	6.1

## Transport labels

# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	III
ADN packing group	111

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-A, S-A

9/11

ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	2Z
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	60
Tunnel restriction code	(E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

## **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Carc. = Carcinogenicity Repr. = Reproductive toxicity STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure Lact. = Reproductive toxicity: effects on or via lactation Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4 - H312: Acute Tox. 4 - H332: Acute Tox. 4 - H302: Lact H362: STOT RE 1 - H372: Carc. 2 - H351: Repr. 1A - H360: : Expert judgement. Aquatic Acute 1 - H400: Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410: : Expert judgement.
Training advice	Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	20/10/2021
Revision	1
SDS number	407
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H351 Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H362 May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> <li>H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.